REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES



PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY DAVAO ORIENTAL

# SPECIAL RELEASE

Household Population, Number of Households, and Average Household Size of Davao Oriental (2020 Census of Population and Housing)

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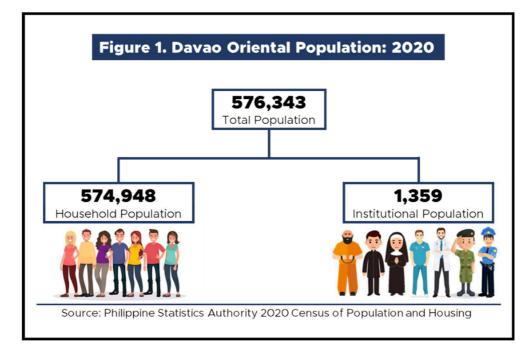
## Household population comprised 99.8 percent of the total population.

- As of 01 May 2020, the Province of Davao Oriental had a total population of 576,343 persons. Of this total, the household population comprised 99.8 percent or 574,984 persons. This is 17,959 higher than the 557,025 household population reported in 2015, and 58,509 persons more than the 516,475 household population reported in 2010. (Table A and Figure 1)
- The remaining 0.2 percent is comprised of the institutional population or those residing in collective or institutional living quarters such as hotels, hospitals, orphanages and home for the aged, corrective and penal institutions and military camps.

Table A. Davad Oriental Population Dased on Validus Census Tears			
Census Year	Total Population	Household Population	Institutional Population
2000	446,191	445,733	458
2010	517,618	516,475	1,143
2015	558,958	557,025	1,933
2020	576,343	574,984	1,359

## Table A. Davao Oriental Population Based on Various Census Years

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000, 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population



- City of Mati, the province's capital and lone city, had 146,887 household population in 2020. This accounted for about 25.5 percent of the province's household population.
- Of the ten municipalities in the province, municipality of Lupon had the biggest household population in 2020 with 66,796, followed by the municipality of Governor Generoso with 59,834, and the municipality of Baganga with 58,551 persons. The combined household population of these three municipalities accounted for about 32.2 percent of the province's household population in 2020. The municipality of Boston had the least household population at 14,601 persons. (Table B)

City/Municipality	Total Population	Household Population	Institutional Population
Baganga	58,714	58,551	163
Banaybanay	44,451	44,417	34
Boston	14,618	14,601	17
Caraga	39,704	39,687	17
Cateel	44,207	44,098	109
Governor Generoso	59,891	59,834	57
Lupon	66,979	66,796	183
Manay	39,572	39,509	63
City of Mati	147,547	146,887	660
San Isidro	33,664	33,625	39
Tarragona	26,996	26,979	17

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

## Number of households increased by 14,490 from 125,574 in 2015 to 140,064 in 2020

• The total number of households in the province reached 140,064 in 2020. This is higher by 14,490 compared with the 125,574 households in 2015 and by 26,501 compared with 113,563 households in 2010. (Table C and Figure 2).

Household Size Based on Various Census Years: Davao Oriental			
Census Years	Household Population	Number of Households	Average Household Size
2000	445,733	86,569	5.1
2010	516,475	113,563	4.5
2015	557,025	125,574	4.3
2020	574,984	140,064	4.1

#### Table C. Household Population, Number of Households, and Average Household Size Based on Various Census Years: Davao Oriental

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000, 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

### One in every four households in the province are in City of Mati

• Among the 11 political subdivisions in the province, City of Mati had the highest number of households with 35,137. This accounted for about 25.1 percent of the province's total number of households. This means that one in every four households in Davao Oriental resides in City of Mati.

• The municipality of Lupon had 16,676 households (11.9 percent), followed by the municipality of Baganga with 14,556 households (10.4 percent) and the municipality of Governor Generoso with 14,154 households (10.1 percent). The municipality of Boston had the least number of households with 3,596 households (2.6 percent). (Table D)

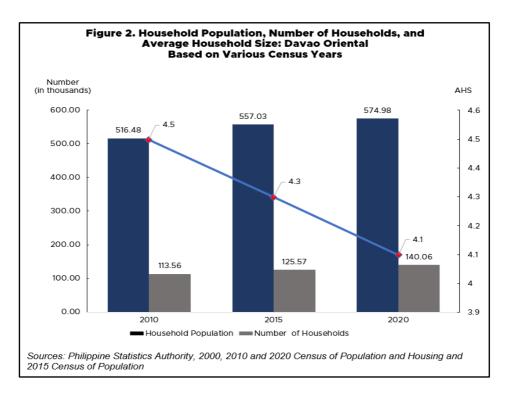
Household Size of City and Municipalities of Davao Oriental: 2020			
City/Municipality	Household Population	Number of Households	Average Household Size
Baganga	58,551	14,556	4.0
Banaybanay	44,417	10,539	4.2
Boston	14,601	3,596	4.1
Caraga	39,687	9,766	4.1
Cateel	44,098	10,902	4.0
Governor Generoso	59,834	14,154	4.2
Lupon	66,796	16,676	4.0
Manay	39,509	9,480	4.2
City of Mati	146,887	35,137	4.2
San Isidro	33,625	8,727	3.9
Tarragona	26,979	6,531	4.1

Table D. Household Population, Number of Households, and Average Household Size of City and Municipalities of Davao Oriental<sup>,</sup> 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

## Average household size declines to 4.1 persons in 2020

• The average household size (AHS) of the province decreased from 4.3 persons in 2015 to 4.1 persons in 2020. In 2010, there were 4.5 persons, on average, per household. The province's AHS is the same as that of the national figure. (Table C and Figure 2)



• Four out of the 11 political subdivisions posted an AHS higher than the provincial AHS of 4.1 persons, namely: the municipalities of Governor Generoso, Banaybanay, and Manay, and City of Mati with 4.2 persons each. Three other municipalities posted an AHS equal to that of the provincial level. Moreover, the four municipalities with the smallest AHS were: Cateel, Baganga, and Lupon with 4.0 persons each and San Isidro with 3.9 persons.

Approved for Release:

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## **Technical Notes**

- The Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) conducted the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) in September 2020. The 2020 CPH was a nationwide government undertaking that involved the collection, compilation, evaluation, analysis, publication, and dissemination of data on population count, demographic and socio-economic characteristics of the population, housing characteristics, household characteristics, and barangay characteristics in each barangay, city/municipality, province, and region in the country. With reference to the first census in 193, the 2020 CPH was the 15<sup>th</sup> census of population and the 7<sup>th</sup> census of housing in the Philippines.
- The 2020 CPH was undertaken by the PSA pursuant to Republic Act No. 10625, also known as the Philippine Statistical Act of 2013, Executive Order No. 352 – Designation of Statistical Activities That Will Generate Critical Data for Decision-Making of the Government and the Private Sector, and Batas Pambansa (BP) Bilang 72, which provide the basis for the decennial conduct of the integrated census of population and housing.
- Information on the count of the population were collected with 12:01 a.m. of 1 May 2020 as the census reference time and date.
- Most of the operational concepts and definitions adopted in the 2020 CPH have also been used in the past censuses of population and housing. The use of standard operational definitions of terms and concepts and adherence to national and international standard classifications were aimed at ensuring the comparability of census results across different census years and census data of other countries.
- A household is a social unit consisting of a person living alone or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.
- Household population comprises of persons who belong to a household. In determining household membership, the basic criterion is the usual place of residence or the place where the person usually resides. This may be the same or different from the place where he/she is found at the time of the census. As a rule, it is the place where he/she usually sleeps.
- Institutional living quarter (ILQ) is a structurally separate and independent place of abode intended for habitation by large groups of individuals. Such a quarter usually has certain common facilities such as kitchen and dining room, toilet and bath, and lounging area which are shared by the occupants.
- Institutional population comprises of persons who are found living in institutional living quarters (ILQs). They may have their own families or households elsewhere but at the time of the census, they are committed or confined in institutions, or they live in ILQs and are usually subject to a common authority or management, or are bound by either a common public objective or a common personal interest.
- Average household size (AHS) is a measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households.
- His Excellency President Rodrigo R. Duterte declared as official for all purposes the population counts by province, city/municipality, and barangay, based on the 2020 CPH under Proclamation No. 1179 dated 6 July 2021.