

SPECIAL RELEASE

2024 Annual Livestock and Poultry Production in Davao de Oro (Preliminary Results)

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Livestock and poultry production in Davao de Oro drops by 2.0 percent

Davao de Oro's annual volume of livestock and poultry production was estimated at 24,958.13 metric tons, which represents a 2.0 percent decrease from the 25,461.53 metric tons recorded in 2023. (Table 1)

Table 1. Annual Volume of Production of Livestock and Poultry by Animal Type, Davao de Oro: 2023 and 2024^P

Animal Type/ Commodity	Volume of Production (in metric tons)		Percent Change (%)
	2023	2024 ^P	
Livestock	18,862.06	17,903.94	-5.1%
Carabao	1,038.58	870.18	
Cattle	461.50	492.57	
Hog	16,852.67	16,015.74	
Goat	509.31	525.46	
Poultry	6,599.47	7,054.19	6.9%
Chicken	5,132.36	5,504.63	
Chicken Egg	1,237.38	1,356.60	
Duck	58.79	58.08	
Duck Egg	170.94	134.88	
Total	25,461.53	24,958.13	-2.0%

^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

Livestock production drops by 5.1 percent

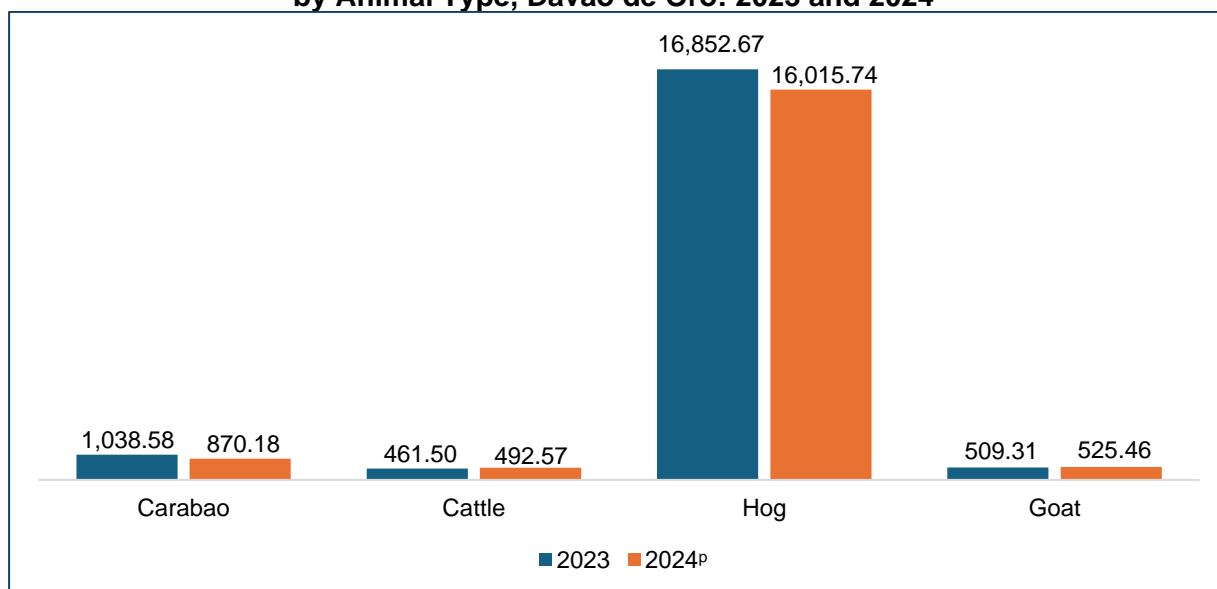
For livestock industry, the annual volume of production in 2024 was estimated at 17,903.94 metric tons (liveweight), reflecting a 5.1 percent decline from 18,862.06 metric tons in 2023. This figure includes the production volumes of carabao, cattle, hogs, and goats. The overall decrease was mainly driven by the 5.0 percent decline in hog production and 16.2 percent drop in carabao production. However, both cattle and goat production showed positive growth, increasing by 6.7 percent and 3.2 percent, respectively. (Table 2 and Figure 1)

Table 2. Annual Volume of Production of Livestock by Animal Type, Davao de Oro: 2023 and 2024^P

Animal Type	Volume of Production (in metric tons)		Percent Change (%)
	2023	2024 ^P	
Livestock	18,862.06	17,903.94	-5.1%
Carabao	1,038.58	870.18	-16.2%
Cattle	461.50	492.57	6.7%
Hog	16,852.67	16,015.74	-5.0%
Goat	509.31	525.46	3.2%

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 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

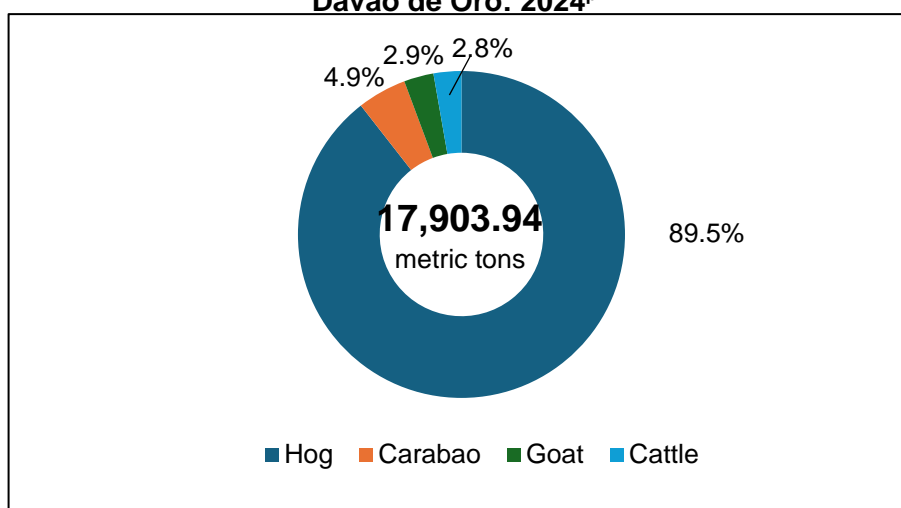
Figure 1. Annual Volume of Livestock Production (in metric tons, liveweight) by Animal Type, Davao de Oro: 2023 and 2024^P



^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.
 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

Hogs contributed the largest share of total livestock production at 89.5 percent (16,015.74 metric tons), followed by carabao at 4.9 percent (870.18 metric tons) and goat at 2.9 percent (525.46 metric tons). Cattle had the smallest share, accounting for 2.8 percent (492.57 metric tons). (Table 2 and Figure 2)

Figure 2. Percent Distribution of Livestock Production by Animal Type, Davao de Oro: 2024^P



^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

Poultry production increased by 9.8 percent

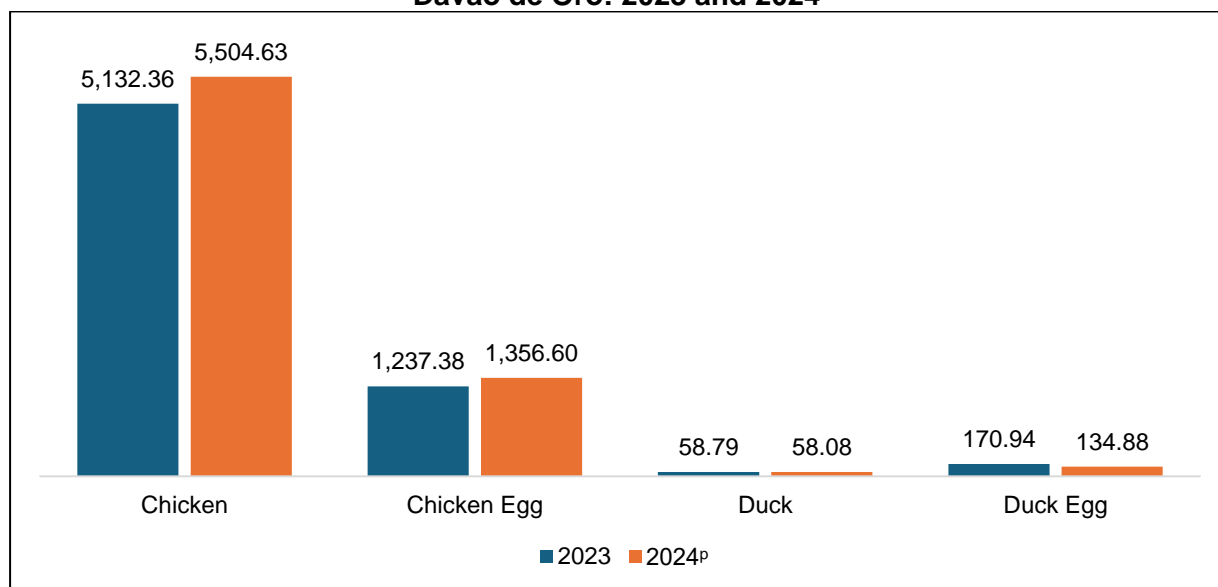
The province's annual poultry production in 2024 was estimated at 7,054.19 metric tons, reflecting a 6.9 percent increase from 6,599.47 metric tons recorded in 2023. This total encompasses the production volumes of chicken, chicken egg, duck, and duck egg. Notably, chicken and chicken egg production rose by 7.3 percent and 9.6 percent, respectively. In contrast, duck and duck egg production declined by 1.2 percent and 21.1 percent, respectively. (Table 3 and Figure 3)

**Table 3. Volume of Poultry Production by Commodity
 Davao de Oro: 2023 and 2024^P**

Commodity	Volume of Production (in metric tons)		Percent Change (%)
	2023	2024 ^P	
Poultry	6,599.47	7,054.19	6.9%
Chicken	5,132.36	5,504.63	7.3%
Chicken Egg	1,237.38	1,356.60	9.6%
Duck	58.79	58.08	-1.2%
Duck Egg	170.94	134.88	-21.1%

^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.
 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

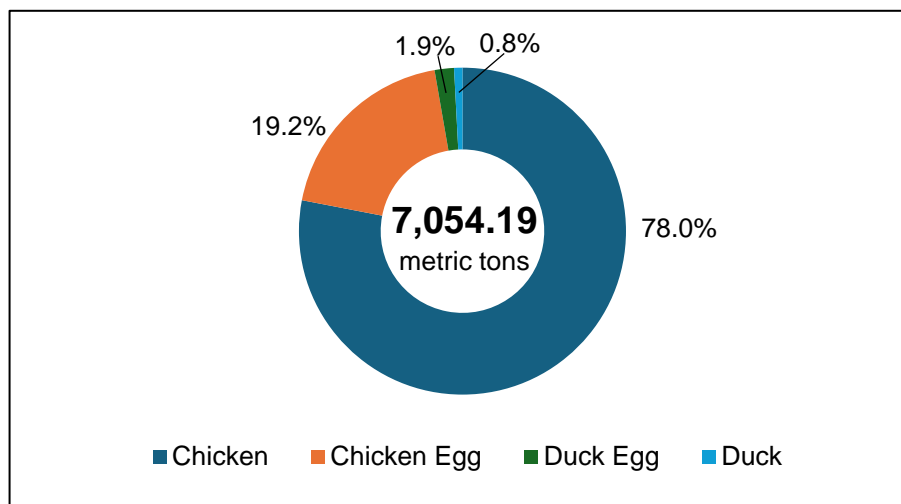
**Figure 3. Volume of Poultry Production by Commodity
 Davao de Oro: 2023 and 2024^P**



^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.
 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

In terms of contribution to the province’s total poultry production, chicken had the largest share, producing 5,504.64 metric tons, which accounted for 78.0 percent of the total. This was followed by chicken egg at 1,356.60 metric tons, contributing 19.2 percent. Meanwhile, duck egg contributed 1.9 percent (134.88 metric tons), and duck accounted for 0.8 percent (58.08 metric tons). (Table 3 and Figure 4)

**Figure 4. Percent Distribution of Poultry Production by Commodity
 Davao de Oro: 2024^P**



^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.
 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

Majority of the slaughtered animals in slaughterhouses were hogs

In 2024, a total of 44,004 animals were slaughtered in slaughterhouses across Davao de Oro, reflecting a slight decrease of 0.8% from 44,342 heads in 2023.

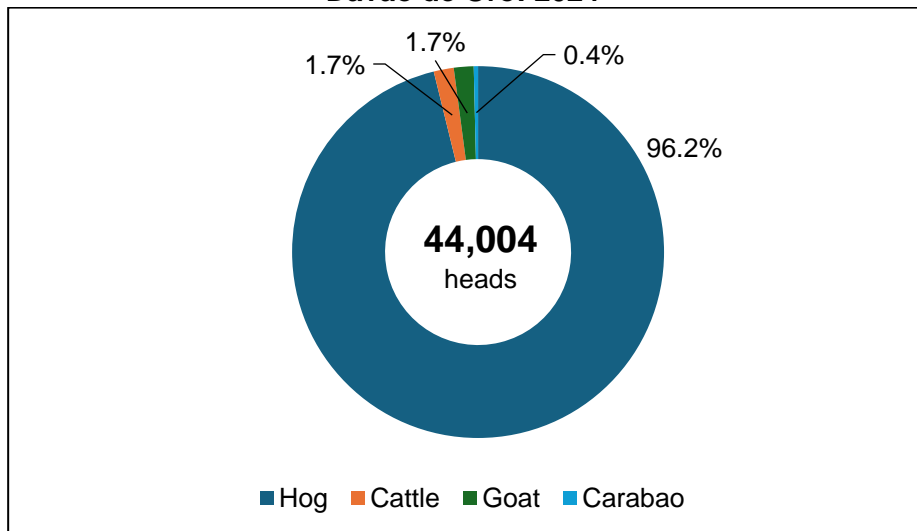
Hogs accounted for the majority of the total animals slaughtered, with 42,316 heads (96.2%). Cattle followed with 767 heads (1.7%), while goats recorded 757 heads (1.7%). Carabao had the lowest count, with only 164 heads, contributing 0.4% to the total. (Table 4 and Figure 5)

**Table 4: Slaughtered in Slaughterhouses by Animal Type,
 Davao de Oro: 2023 and 2024^P**

Animal Type	Slaughtered in Slaughterhouses		Percent Change (%)
	2023	2024 ^P	
Livestock	44,342	44,004	-0.8%
Carabao	297	164	-44.8%
Cattle	797	767	-3.8%
Goat	935	757	-19.0%
Hog	42,313	42,316	0.0%

^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.
 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

Figure 5. Percent Distribution of Slaughtered Animals, Davao de Oro: 2024^P



^P Estimates are preliminary and may change.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Livestock and Poultry Survey

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Attachments:

1. Technical Notes

Technical Notes

The data for this special release were collected by PSA from the Backyard Livestock and Poultry Survey (BLPS) and the Commercial Livestock and Poultry Survey (CLPS), and the Compilation of Data in Slaughterhouses and Poultry Dressing Plants (CDSPDP).

The Backyard Livestock and Poultry Survey (BLPS) and the Commercial Livestock and Poultry Survey are two of the four major surveys for livestock and poultry. The BLPS and CLPS are national surveys of which BLPS covers backyard farms on carabao, cattle, swine, goat, chicken, duck, and other animals in all four rounds. CLPS, on the other hand, covers commercial farms on cattle, carabao, swine, goat, and sheep for livestock while chicken, chicken eggs, duck, and duck eggs for poultry commodities. Meanwhile, the Compilation of Data in Slaughterhouses and Poultry Dressing Plants (CDSPDP) collects administrative data from slaughterhouses.

These activities are important as the data generated will aid policymakers in generating sound policy decisions on the improvement of backyard and commercial farms for the welfare of the farmers and operators. Moreover, the survey will determine/measure the performance of the livestock and poultry industry and the agriculture sector, as a whole.

Livestock refers to farm animals kept or raised for consumption, work, or leisure. In general, poultry is separated as a distinct group of farm animals. For purposes of censuses and surveys, livestock covers only those that are tended and raised by an operator.

Poultry is a collective term for all domesticated avian for the purpose of food consumption or, the carcass of such avian are processed for human consumption.

Slaughter refers to butchering of animal for the purpose of human consumption.

Slaughterhouses refers to the premises that are approved and registered by a controlling authority in which food animals are slaughtered for human consumption.

Volume of production refers to the number of tended/raised animals disposed for dressing including those which were shipped out for dressing. This is expressed in metric tons, liveweight.